



If you use any other powder on yourself or babe you will make a mistake.

The Baby's Head and Trained Nurse identify Comfort Powder, which is used so much in N. E. Hospitals and by trained nurses because they all know it is the best Medicinal Toilet Powder. The best is always cheapest. COMFORT POWDER CO., HARTFORD, CT.

GLEANINGS AND GOSSIP.

Here is a Western card story. Three men were playing dummy whist. One of them afterward described the game: "No. 1 held five aces in his hand; No. 2 held a revolver; and I held the ink-bottle."

A gaffer's mate on one of the vessels in the United States navy received a good dollar's worth a short time ago when he wrote to a fortune-teller of New York asking for his horoscope. The "professor" wrote back: "You will be an admiral at 32; will marry a rich widow and win money in a lottery."

One of the traditions at the Standard oil building at 26 Broadway, New York is that Henry H. Rogers, vice-president of the Standard oil company, arrives and departs exactly at 10.50 in the morning and 3.30 in the afternoon. One morning recently the veteran watchman who stands at the Broadway entrance to the building, was seen to take out his watch when Mr. Rogers hurried in, look at it and confidently set it forward 24 minutes.

Best, Health and Comfort to Mother and Child.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays all pain, and cures wind colic. Perfectly safe in all cases. We would say to every mother who has a suffering child, do not let your prejudices, nor the promises of others, stand between you and your suffering child and the relief that will be sure—yes, absolutely sure—to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Price 25c. a bottle.

The Times' Daily Short Story.

An Inconvenient Way of Living

[Original.] It was five minutes after noon on Saturday. The all-night clerk had left his cage, locked it, and was about to leave his office when a man in the shape of a workman entered.

"Morning, Mr. Hobbs," he said to the clerk.

"You mean afternoon, John. Don't you know better than to come here to make a payment after 12 o'clock on Saturdays? The safe is locked and the books closed for the week. You'll have to bring it Monday."

"O'll be workin' all the time y're open on Monday."

"Can't help it."

"Mebbe if you'd tell me where she's livin' now, O'll might tak' it roun' meself."

"Couldn't do that. When I tell men where their wives live, they go there and raise a rumpus."

"O'd don't want to raise any rumpus, Mr. Hobbs; O'd jist like to get a sight of the kid. It's a month now since me an' me wife parted an' O'll haven't seen the boy since. Tomorrow bein' Sunday, O'll be havin' toime, an' it's mighty lonesome up in me room."

John's voice trembled, and the clerk wavered. Then he told John where his wife lived.

The next morning was bright and beautiful. John shaved and got himself into a clean white shirt (with no buttons) and started to walk half a dozen miles into the country. He stopped before a cabin in the center of an acre planted with garden truck. Through the open door he could see his wife in a clean calico dress buttoning the collar on their boy, five years old, thus completing his Sunday morning costume. The man leaned on the gate and called. The woman went to the door and, seeing her husband, was about to turn away, when she noticed a pitiful expression on his face.

"What brings ye here, John?" she asked, not unkindly.

"The all-night. The office was shut up yesterday when O'll kem. The clerk told me O'll might bring it meself."

The woman went to the gate and the man handed her a ten-dollar bill.

"Well, come in and have a glass o' milk; ye must be tired comin' all the way from the city. Johnny'll be glad to see his dad."

Johnny, who had been admonished in no placid terms to give his father a wide berth, looking upon this as a removal of the embargo, ran down the walk, climbed up on the gate and threw his arms around his father's neck. The mother opened the gate and the boy rode into the house on his father's shoulder.

"Have y' come back to stay, dad?" he asked eagerly.

An embarrassing silence that followed this ill-timed remark was broken by the mother, who told the

SAVES \$1,000 ON STREET LIGHTING.

Brattleboro Makes New Contract on Advantageous Terms.

After rejecting several propositions on both sides, the village board and the directors of the Brattleboro Gas Light Co. reached an agreement Saturday night for a new contract for electric lighting of the streets for a term of five years. It is expected that the new contract, which will be dated August 1, will be signed this week.

The old contract cost the village \$110 for all night lamps, \$80 for midnight lamps, and \$15 for incandescent lamps. The lamps were run on a moon-light schedule of 300 nights a year.

By the terms of the new contract, the all-night lamps will cost \$90, the midnight ones \$75, and the incandescent lights \$17, and they will burn every night in the year. The incandescent lamps will be renewed every 400 to 500 hours and all the lamps will be adjusted so as to give the full candle power at which they are rated. The reduction in price and the additional service is equivalent to over \$1,000 a year.

The village has thirty-one 2,000 candle power lamps, seven 1,500 candle power lamps, and 88 incandescent lamps of 25 candle power. The service given the village was investigated recently by an expert, who made recommendations for future service. The new contract exceeds his recommendations by only \$21 a year.

MERELY A BOGEY

Shonts on Talk of Impossible Problems

AT ISTHMIAN OF PANAMA

Five Years' Work, He Says, Will Dig the Canal — Will Then Become a Health Resort.

New York, August 16.—Within the span of five years the Panama canal will be dug, is the estimate of Theodore P. Shonts, chairman of the Isthmian canal commission, who arrived home on Monday on the steamship Mexico.

Not only will it be built within half a decade, but he asserts the chagres and yellow fever will be terminated, and the zone will take a place among the salubrious spots in the world as a health resort in the dry season.

Mr. Shonts declares the talk about the insurmountable difficulties confronting the engineers is a bogey, and that no difficulties present themselves that are not duplicated and surpassed every year upon American railroads.

When Mr. Shonts began work at Panama he found 10,000 dispirited men. He withdrew all carpenters and other constructors from the work, called a halt upon digging and devoted all his energies to house building. Thanks to his energetic efforts, the death rate from yellow fever was kept below 30, in spite of the wild reports of a raging epidemic. Within 30 days orders was restored out of chaos.

WHO FOLLOWS SHAW?

President Is on the Hunt for Secretary of Treasury.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 16.—Secretary Shaw will retire from the cabinet in February, and it is believed here that the President has already given some thought to his successor.

Hamilton Fish has been suggested, but in view of the acceptance by Elihu Root of the President's offer to become secretary of state, it is a question whether it will be deemed politic for the President to take a second member of his cabinet from New York, the name of Postmaster-General Cortelyou will be eliminated from the possibilities, and he has been strongly "tooted".

Charles E. Dawes, ex-comptroller of the currency, now president of the Central Trust Company of Illinois, Chicago, is in favor. On a recent visit to Washington Mr. Dawes dismissed the suggestion with the statement that he had no knowledge that the President was considering his name, and he was frank to say that he had no desire for the place. Mr. Dawes is rapidly making a name for himself in the financial circles of Chicago, and a place in the cabinet would interfere with his money making plans, and hardly promote his political ambitions, which are supposed to turn in the direction of the United States senatorship from Illinois.

R. H. Hanna of Indianapolis, whose name has been so favorably associated with the efforts for currency reform legislation during the past eight years, is one of those from the middle West much discussed. If, however, the President is as successful in concealing his plan from the public in the matter of selecting the next secretary of the treasury as he was in filling the naval portfolio, speculation and gossip as to his plans may go far away.

CHOATE NOT TO SERVE.

Insurance Committee Doesn't Expect Him as Counsel.

New York, August 16.—Ex-Ambassador Choate will probably not be the associate counsel to the legislative committee to investigate insurance. Mr. McKee, who with Charles E. Hughes is counsel for the committee, said yesterday:

"I have no official information on the subject, but I understand that Mr. Choate has expressed the opinion that he cannot afford to interrupt his vacation to act for the committee, much as his inclination would tempt him to do so."

ARRESTED AT ALTAR.

Were Depositing Part of Loot at Feet of St. Rocco.

New York, Aug. 16.—Four Italians were caught at an altar in the street yesterday, where in their flight from detectives, they stopped to lay part of their stolen coin at the feet of St. Rocco in atonement for their sins.

The detectives had found a young Finn bleeding in an alley and robbed of several dollars. Soon afterward they saw four Italians celebrating the feast day of St. Rocco with such lavish gifts of cash as to arouse their suspicion. The Finn identified the levetes as his assailants.

CZAR IS REPORTED ILL.

Rumor by Way of Berlin That He Will Soon Abdicade.

Berlin, August 16.—A despatch from St. Petersburg to the Tageblatt says that the Czar is reported to be seriously ill. It is rumored in governmental circles that he will abdicate soon in favor of his son. Until the latter's majority, a regency will be instituted, composed of three members of the imperial family, including the Grand Duke Constantine Constantinovich.

MONARCHS TO MEET.

Emperor Francis Joseph Goes to See King Edward.

Ischl, Austria, August 16.—Emperor Francis Joseph left here for Gmunden at 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon to meet King Edward. The monarchs will return to Ischl together.

WATERMELON DAYS

Always Suggest



SANFORDS GINGER

Most grateful and comforting of warming stomachics. It warms and strengthens weak stomachs and bowels, promotes digestion, cures cramps and pains, prevents colds, chills, and simple fevers, renders change of water, food, and climate safe, and protects the system from malarial and epidemic influences. Besides it's always healthful.

Look for OWL TRADE MARK on the wrapper, lest you get a cheap, worthless substitute. Thirty-five years the standard in purity, flavor, and strength. Sold by druggists and grocers everywhere. Get the genuine.

RUSSIAN PEASANT DEMANDS.

Want Secular School, Universal Suffrage, and State Lands.

Moscow, Aug. 16.—A congress of the Union of Peasants, attended by delegates from twenty-two governments, now in session here, has passed resolutions demanding, among other things, that the national representatives in the projected national assembly shall be elected by universal suffrage; that the constituent assembly shall be given power to initiate legislation and to control the national finances; that a system of peasant proprietorship shall be established by handing over to the people the state domains and the land belonging to the monasteries and other religious institutions; that free education shall be obligatory, and that the schools shall be secularized.

WARSHIPS OFF FOR BALTIC.

British Channel Squadron and Flotilla Sailed Yesterday.

London, Aug. 16.—The channel squadron, consisting of eleven battleships, eight cruisers, and a flotilla of torpedo boats, under the command of Sir Arthur Wilson, sailed from Spithead yesterday morning, bound for the Baltic Sea. During the cruise the squadron will visit Yontien, Graa Deep, Swindemunde, and Naufahlwasser.

FRANCE THANKS ENGLAND.

Regards Naval Reception as New Guarantee of European Peace.

Paris, Aug. 16.—Premier Rouvier, in a telegram to Lord Lansdowne, the British foreign secretary, conveying the thanks of the French government for the recent cordial reception accorded the northern squadron, expresses the opinion that the demonstrations of friendship displayed during the visit form a fresh assurance of the maintenance of European peace.

PROSECUTE THE JEWS.

Society With This Object Has Been Formed in Russia.

New York, Aug. 16.—A Breslau cable to the Sun says: A newspaper society called the Gervaria Sophia has been founded in western Russia and in Poland to advocate the persecution of the Jews. The society has begun work at Bigla, where 40 Jewish houses and 10 others have been burned, making homeless over 400 persons. Jews in small towns and villages are terrified.

MELLIN'S For the Baby FOOD

You may be thinking of using an artificial food for your baby. Try Mellin's Food; it is a proper food suited to the baby's condition. It is not a medicine but a true food. Let us send you a sample to try.

Mellin's Food is the ONLY Infant's Food, which received the Grand Prize, the highest award of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, St. Louis, 1904. Higher than a gold medal.

MELLIN'S FOOD CO., BOSTON, MASS.

TEN YEARS

Story of My Wonderful Success!

Reads Like a Fairy Tale, Yet Full of Convincing Truths.

AN OPPORTUNITY OF A LIFETIME FOR THE INVESTOR. TAKE ADVANTAGE OF IT.

I ask every reader of this paper to write me. I want to send you my free book entitled "Ten Years, the Story of My Success." It tells about one of the greatest and most promising investment opportunities ever offered. It tells how my business grew from less than \$25.00 capital to its present proportions.

I believe I have the best proposition from an investor's standpoint that could be placed before you. For ten years I have been teaching men and women to live according to the laws of Nature. My book is the history of my life. It shows what energy and ambition can accomplish in the world of affairs. It is intensely interesting to any man or

a large scale. Hundreds of thousands of dollars are spent yearly on new gymnasiums and their equipment. The profits are large. A company of this kind has an immense field in which to work. Competition is slight. It is evident that The Mac Levy Gymnasium Equipment Company can build up an enormous business.

The Mac Levy Company operates during the summer months at Steeplechase Park, Coney Island, and at Arverno Hotel, Arverno-by-the-Sea, L. I., as well as our Brooklyn Institute. I also do an extensive mail business. I teach people how they should live and exercise. My students are scattered all over the United



woman who has a few dollars to invest in a legitimate enterprise.

I started business in the City of Brooklyn in 1896. My capital amounted to less than \$25.00. My first year's business netted me over \$1,000.00. Last year I paid dividends to my partners of 15 per cent. Five years ago my business had grown so large that I was compelled to remove to larger quarters. I am now at 63-65 Clark street, Brooklyn, N. Y., in connection with Hotel St. George. Experts pronounce my institution to be the best appointed of its kind in the country. I estimate the equipment of The Mac Levy Institute of Physical Culture to be worth at least \$40,000.00.

I want to have a building of my own that will enable me to accommodate my increasing business. To erect this building I need capital, but more important than this, to increase my business to the proportions which I desire, I need the co-operation of men and women throughout the country and the world.

CO-OPERATION IS THE SECRET OF SUCCESS.

I recognize it. I believe that with thousands of co-operators throughout the country, I can build my business to tremendous proportions to the benefit of the shareholders and myself.

The Mac Levy Company is incorporated under the laws of New York for \$150,000.00. They are the proprietors of The Mac Levy Institute of Physical Culture and The Mac Levy Gymnasium Equipment Company.

The last named branch of the business of The Mac Levy Company is comparatively new. I have been at work for several years to establish such a department in connection with teaching Physical Culture. The most difficult part of forming the Equipment Company has been accomplished. The business is now in condition to be pushed on

ed States and in English speaking countries.

A PROBLEM.

which arises in the mind of every man and woman is how to secure a comfortable income in the earlier years of their life, that they may reap the full benefits which such an income affords.

I have long thought that there are hundreds of people in moderate circumstances who would like to invest a few dollars in an institution of this kind. It is to such people that I intend this announcement shall appeal. I am offering a block of the treasury stock of this Company to the public at its par value. My reasons for doing this are that I wish to erect a building and to extend the business of The MAC LEVY INSTITUTE OF PHYSICAL CULTURE and The Mac Levy Gymnasium Equipment Company.

I WANT YOU AS MY PARTNER. I need your help and suggestions. I want you to work with me and help me secure a tremendous amount of new business.

I believe that if you could talk with me personally and go over the records of the business which I have done, see in black and white the figures which show the steady growth my business has experienced during the past ten years, examine my plans for future extension, and then look over the magnificent equipment of my institute, you would want no further evidence that money put into this business would bring you the greatest possible returns consistent with safety and good management.

I ask you to write for my free book. I believe it will interest you. You have a few dollars that you want to invest. Why let it stand idle earning only 3 or 4 per cent that Savings Banks pay their depositors? Put it to work. Join it with mine. This company ought to pay at least TWENTY PER CENT DIVIDENDS within a year.

Write for my book today—NOW.

MAC LEVY,


PRESIDENT OF

The Mac Levy Company, Inc.,

Dept. F 50, 63-65 Clark St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Standard Oil Dividend. New York, August 16.—The Standard Oil company of New Jersey has declared a dividend for the quarter of \$6 a share, payable September 15. The previous dividends were \$9 a share, payable June 15, and \$15 a share, payable March 15, making \$30 a share declared so far this year, against \$20 a share in the corresponding period last year.

Standard Oil Dividend. New York, August 16.—The Standard Oil company of New Jersey has declared a dividend for the quarter of \$6 a share, payable September 15. The previous dividends were \$9 a share, payable June 15, and \$15 a share, payable March 15, making \$30 a share declared so far this year, against \$20 a share in the corresponding period last year.



Ayer's Sarsaparilla. The doctors' Sarsaparilla. The tested and tried Sarsaparilla. The Sarsaparilla that makes rich, red blood; strengthens the nerves; builds up the whole system.

J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.